

Sempah Volcanic Complex, Pahang

NAVPREET SINGH & AZMAN ABDUL GHANI

Geology Department, University of Malaya
50603 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

The Sempah volcanic complex occupies the central part of the Main Range Batholith to the east of Kuala Lumpur. The complex intruded the Selut Schist (pre-Devonian), Gombak Chert (Late Devonian-Early Carboniferous), and Sempah Conglomerate (Permian), which were collectively known as the Bentong Group (Alexander 1968). The complex consists of two main rock types namely orthopyroxene-lacking rhyodacite (OLR) and orthopyroxene-bearing rhyodacite (OBR). Geochemical evidence indicates that the OLR and OBR are not related by simple fractional crystallization. The difference is indicated by a compositional gap at 69.1 to 70.7% SiO₂, different ACNK values, different ACNK trends with increasing SiO₂ and contrasting behaviour for the major and trace elements, particularly K₂O and Ba. This is supported by major element modelling where both OBR and OLR have different mineral extract proportions.
